CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

E21B EARTH DRILLING, e.g. DEEP DRILLING (mining, quarrying E21C; making shafts, driving galleries or tunnels E21D); OBTAINING OIL, GAS, WATER, SOLUBLE OR MELTABLE MATERIALS OR A SLURRY OF MINERALS FROM WELLS

WARNING

The following IPC groups are not used in the CPC scheme. Subject matter covered by these groups is classified in the following CPC groups:

E21B 1/12 - E21B 1/38	covered by	E21B 1/00
E21B 7/08	covered by	E21B 7/06
E21B 11/04	covered by	E21B 27/00
E21B 23/12	covered by	E21B 23/002
E21B 31/08	covered by	E21B 27/00
E21B 43/22	covered by	C09K 8/58

Methods or a	apparatus for drilling	4/145	• • • {of the self propelled-type, e.g. with a reverse mode to retract the device from the hole}
1/00	Percussion drilling (drives used in the borehole E21B 4/00; rotary drilling machines in general B23B)	4/16	• Plural down-hole drives, e.g. for combined
1/02	Surface drives for percussion drilling		percussion and rotary drilling (<u>E21B 4/10</u> takes precedence); Drives for multi-bit drilling units
1/04	 Devices for reversing the movement of the rod or cable at the surface {(not used, see E21B 1/02)} 	4/18	 Anchoring or feeding in the borehole
2100		4/20	combined with surface drive (E21B 4/10 takes precedence)
3/00	Rotary drilling (drives used in the borehole <u>E21B 4/00</u> ; rotary drilling machines in general <u>B23B</u>)		
3/02	• Surface drives for rotary drilling	6/00	Drives for combined percussion and rotary drilling
3/025	with a to-and-fro rotation of the tool	c/02	(drives used in the borehole <u>E21B 4/00</u>)
3/03	• with an intermittent unidirectional rotation of the	6/02	• the rotation being continuous
2,02	tool	6/04	Separate drives for percussion and rotationthe rotation being intermittent, e.g. obtained by
3/035	• • with slipping or elastic transmission	6/06	ratchet device
3/04	 Rotary tables {(portable drilling rigs with rotary tables <u>E21B 7/021</u>)} 	6/08	Separate drives for percussion and rotation
3/045	• • • {movably mounted on the drilling structure or	7/00	Special methods or apparatus for drilling
	platform (derricks adapted to be moved on their substructure <u>E21B 15/003</u> ; specially adapted for underwater drilling, <u>E21B 15/02</u>)}	7/001	• {Drilling a non circular hole (excavating trenches <u>E02F 5/02</u> ; cutting machines for slitting <u>E21C 25/00</u>)}
2003/05 3/06	 {with a to-and-fro rotation of the drill pipe or casing} Adaptation of rotary draw works to drive rotary	7/002	• {Drilling with diversely driven shafts extending into the borehole (simultaneously drilling and casing <u>E21B 7/20</u> ; plural down-hole drives <u>E21B 4/16</u> ;
3/00	tables (connecting or disconnecting couplings	7/002	E21B 7/001 takes precedence)}
4/00	or joints <u>E21B 19/16</u> ; rope, cable, or chain winding mechanisms, capstans <u>B66D</u>)	7/003	• {Drilling with mechanical conveying means (bailers, e.g. baskets, buckets <u>E21B 27/00</u> ; tunnelling <u>E21D</u>)}
4/00	Drives used in the borehole	7/005	• • {with helical conveying means (<u>E21B 7/201</u> takes
4/003	• {Bearing, sealing, lubricating details (for roller bits <u>E21B 10/22</u> ; bearings in general <u>F16C</u> ; sealing in		precedence; augers <u>E21B 10/44</u> ; drilling rods or pipes with helical structure <u>E21B 17/22</u>)}
4/006	general <u>F16J</u> ; lubricating in general <u>F16N</u>)} • {Mechanical motion converting means, e.g. reduction gearings (<u>E21B 4/10</u> takes precedence;	7/006	• • • {combined with a bucket-type container (bailers with helical conveying means E21B 27/04)}
4/02	 gearings in general <u>F16H</u>)} Fluid rotary type drives (hydraulic turbines for drilling wells <u>F03B 13/02</u>) 	7/007	• {Drilling by use of explosives (underwater drilling using explosives E21B 7/1245; setting-tools
4/04	• Electric drives (E21B 4/12 takes precedence)		actuated by explosives <u>E21B 23/04</u> , <u>E21B 23/065</u> ; cutting or destroying objects in boreholes by
4/06	Down-hole impacting means, e.g. hammers (percussion drill bits <u>E21B 10/36</u> ; boring rams <u>E21B 11/02</u> ; releasing-jars <u>E21B 31/107</u>)		explosives E21B 29/02; freeing objects using explosives E21B 31/1075; gun or shaped-charge perforators E21B 43/116; fracturing by explosives
4/08	impact being obtained by gravity only, e.g. with lost-motion connection		E21B 43/263, E21B 43/248; taking samples using explosives E21B 49/04)}
4/10	 continuous unidirectional rotary motion of shaft or drilling pipe effecting consecutive impacts 	7/008 7/02	 {Drilling ice or a formation covered by ice} Portable drilling rigs, truck-or skid-mounted, with
4/12	Electrically operated hammers		their own drive (portable drilling rigs for use on
4/14	Fluid operated hammers		underwater floors E21B 7/124)

7/021	• • {With a rotary table, i.e. a fixed rotary drive for a relatively advancing tool (rotary tables E21B 3/04)}	7/18	• Drilling by liquid or gas jets, with or without entrained pellets (E21B 7/14 takes precedence; {obtaining a slurry of minerals E21B 43/29};
7/022	• • {Control of the drilling operation; Hydraulic or pneumatic means for activation or operation (control circuits for drilling masts <u>E21B 15/045</u>)}	7/185 7/20	 hydraulic monitors <u>E21C 45/00</u>) . {underwater} . Driving or forcing casings or pipes into boreholes,
7/023	the mast being foldable or telescopically retractable}	1/20	e.g. sinking; Simultaneously drilling and casing boreholes (surface means for applying
7/024	 {having means for adapting to inclined terrain; having means for stabilizing the vehicle while drilling} 		to-and-fro rotation movements to the casing <u>E21B 3/025</u> ; {pushing means outside of the borehole <u>E21B 19/08</u> ;} placing piles <u>E02D 7/00</u> ;
7/025	• • {Rock drills, i.e. jumbo drills}		sinking shafts while moving the lining downwards
7/026	 {having auxiliary platforms, e.g. for observation purposes} 		E21D 1/08; {making galleries by forcing prefabricated elements through the ground
7/027	• • {Drills for drilling shallow holes, e.g. for taking soil samples or for drilling postholes}	7/201	E21D 9/005}) • {with helical conveying means (drilling with
7/028	• • • {the drilling apparatus being detachable from the vehicle, e.g. hand portable drills}		helical conveying means <u>E21B 7/005</u> ; augers <u>E21B 10/44</u> ; drilling rods or pipes with helical structure <u>E21B 17/22</u>)}
7/04	 Directional drilling (derricks or masts specially adapted therefor <u>E21B 15/04</u>) 	7/203	• • {using down-hole drives (down-hole drives per se E21B 4/00)}
7/043	• • {for underwater installations}	7/205	• • {without earth removal (E21B 7/30 takes
7/046	• • {horizontal drilling (drilling with mechanical conveying means <u>E21B 7/003</u>)}	1/203	precedence)}
7/06	• Deflecting the direction of boreholes {(directional		<u>NOTE</u>
7/0/1	window cutting E21B 29/06; deflecting the direction of fishing tools E21B 31/14)}		Special methods or apparatus for drilling without earth removal E21B 7/26
7/061	• • • { the tool shaft advancing relative to a guide,	7/207	
7/062	e.g. a curved tube or a whipstock} • • { the tool shaft rotating inside a non-rotating	7/206	• • • {using down-hole drives (down-hole drives per se E21B 4/00)}
7/064	guide travelling with the shaft (E21B 7/067 and E21B 7/068 take precedence)}	7/208	• • {using down-hole drives (down-hole drives per se E21B 4/00; E21B 7/203 and E21B 7/206 take
7/064	• • { specially adapted drill bits therefor }	7/24	precedence)}
7/065	• • · {using oriented fluid jets}	7/24	• Drilling using vibrating or oscillating means,
7/067	• • • { with means for locking sections of a pipe or		e.g. out-of-balance masses (percussion drilling E21B 1/00)
	of a guide for a shaft in angular relation, e.g.	7/26	
7 /0.60	adjustable bent sub}	7/26	 Drilling without earth removal, e.g. with self- propelled burrowing devices ({E21B 7/205 and})
7/068	• • • {drilled by a down-hole drilling motor (down-hole drives per se E21B 4/00, E21B 7/067 takes precedence)}		E21B 7/30 take precedence; down-hole drives E21B 4/00, {e.g. self-propelled fluid-operated
7/10	Correction of deflected boreholes		hammers <u>E21B 4/145</u> })
7/12	Underwater drilling (derricks or masts specially	7/265	• • {Combined with earth removal}
7,12	adapted therefor E21B 15/02; telescoping joints E21B 17/07; using heave compensators	7/28	• Enlarging drilled holes, e.g. by counterboring (drill bits for enlarging the borehole <u>E21B 10/26</u>)
	E21B 19/09)	7/30	without earth removal
7/122	• • {with submersible vertically movable guide}		
7/124	• • with underwater tool drive prime mover, e.g.	Drilling tools	
,,	portable drilling rigs for use on underwater floors	10/00	Duill hits (anasially adopted for deflecting the
7/1245	 • (using explosive means (Anchors driven in by explosive charges <u>B63B 21/28</u>)} 	10/00	Drill bits (specially adapted for deflecting the direction of boring E21B 7/064; with means for collecting substances E21B 27/00)
7/128	• • from floating support with independent underwater anchored guide base {(guide line	10/003	• {with cutting edges facing in opposite axial directions}
	systems <u>E21B 41/10</u>)}	10/006	• {providing a cutting edge which is self-renewable
7/132	 from underwater buoyant support 		during drilling}
7/136	• • from non-buoyant support (<u>E21B 7/124</u> takes	10/02	• Core bits (characterised by wear resisting
7/14	precedence)Drilling by use of heat, e.g. flame drilling {(by use		parts E21B 10/46; obtaining undisturbed cores E21B 25/00)
	of explosives <u>E21B 7/007</u>)}	10/04	• with core destroying means
7/143	• · {underwater}	10/04	Roller core bits
7/146	• • {Thermal lances}	10/08	 Roller bits (roller core bits <u>E21B 10/06</u>; with
7/15	of electrically generated heat	10/00	leading portion E21B 10/26; characterised by wear
7/16	Applying separate balls or pellets by the pressure of the drill, so-called shot-drilling	10/083	resisting parts E21B 10/26, characterised by wear resisting parts E21B 10/46) • {with longitudinal axis, e.g. wobbling or nutating}
	,	10/003	roller bit (longitudinal axis, e.g. wobbing of natating roller bit (longitudinal axis roller reamers E21B 10/30)}

Drilling tools **E21B**

10/086	• • {with excentric movement}	10/485	• • • { with inserts in form of chisels, blades or the
10/10	• with roller axle supported at both ends (with disc-		like}
	cutters <u>E21B 10/12</u>)	10/50	• the bit being of roller type
10/12	with discs cutters	10/52	with chisel or button type inserts
10/14	combined with non-rolling cutters other than of leading-portion type	10/54	the bit being of the rotary drag type, e.g. fork-type bits
10/16	characterised by tooth form or arrangement	2010/545	• • • { with blades having performed cutting
10/18	 characterised by conduits or nozzles for drilling fluids (drilling fluid supply to the bearings 		elements mounted on a distinct support, e.g. polycrystalline inserts}
	<u>E21B 10/23</u>)	10/55	• • • with preformed cutting elements {with blades
10/20	characterised by detachable or adjustable parts, e.g. legs or axles (cross axle roller bits Color Co	10/56	having preformed cutting elements mounted on a distinct support, e.g. polycrystalline inserts}
10/22	E21B 10/10)	10/56	Button type inserts (<u>E21B 10/52</u> takes precedence)
10/22	 characterised by bearing, lubrication or sealing details 	2010/561	{Inserts with performed cutting elements
2010/225		2010/301	mounted on a distinct support, e.g.
2010/225	sealing details		polycrystalline inserts}
10/23	• • • with drilling fluid supply to the bearings	2010/562	• • • {having a non planar or non circular cutting
10/24	characterised by lubricating details	2010/302	face}
2010/243	• • • • { with drilling fluid supply to the bearing }	2010/562	
10/246	• • • { with pumping means for feeding lubricant }	2010/563	• • • { having a cutting face with different
10/25	• • • characterised by sealing details	2010/564	segments, e.g. mosaic-type inserts}
10/26	• Drill bits with leading portion, i.e. drill bits with a	2010/564	{characterised by support details}
	pilot cutter; Drill bits for enlarging the borehole, e.g. reamers (percussion drill bits with leading	2010/565	{Interface between the substrate and the cutting element}
	portion E21B 10/40; augers with leading portion	2010/566	• • • { with chip breaking arrangements }
	E21B 10/44)	10/567	with preformed cutting elements mounted on a
10/28	with non-expansible roller cutters		distinct support, e.g. polycrystalline inserts
10/30	Longitudinal axis roller reamers, e.g. reamer	10/5673	• • • {having a non planar or non circular cutting face}
40/00	stabilisers	10/5676	•
10/32	• with expansible cutting tools	10/5676	• • • • {having a cutting face with different segments, e.g. mosaic-type inserts}
10/322	• • • {cutter shifted by fluid pressure (E21B 10/345	10/573	
	takes precedence)}		characterised by support details
10/325	• • • {the cutter being shifted by a spring mechanism}	10/5735	{Interface between the substrate and the cutting element}
10/327	• • • {the cutter being pivoted about a longitudinal axis (E21B 10/34 takes precedence)}	10/58	• • Chisel type inserts ({ <u>E21B 10/485</u> ,} <u>E21B 10/52</u> , <u>E21B 10/54</u> take precedence)
10/34	of roller-cutter type	10/60	 characterised by conduits or nozzles for
10/345	• • • {cutter shifted by fluid pressure}		drilling fluids (for roller bits <u>E21B 10/18</u> ; for
10/36	 Percussion drill bits (characterised by wear resisting 		percussion drill bits <u>E21B 10/38</u> ; {mining picks
	parts <u>E21B 10/46</u> {with helical conveying portion <u>E21B 10/445</u> })		with arrangement of fluid-spraying nozzles E21C 35/187})
10/38	• characterised by conduits or nozzles for drilling	10/602	• • {the bit being a rotary drag type bit with blades}
10/38	fluids	10/605	• • {the bit being a core-bit}
10/40	with leading portion	2010/607	• • {characterised by the nozzle structure}
10/40	 Rotary drag type drill bits with teeth, blades or like 	10/61	characterised by the nozzle structure
10/42	cutting elements, e.g. fork-type bits, fish tail bits	10/62	 characterised by parts, e.g. cutting elements,
	(characterised by wear resisting parts E21B 10/54,		which are detachable or adjustable (E21B 10/64
	by conduits or nozzles for drilling fluid <u>E21B 10/60</u> ,		takes precedence; for roller bits E21B 10/20; {for
	by detachable or adjustable parts <u>E21B 10/62</u>)		rotary drag type drill bits <u>E21B</u> 10/42}; for augers
2010/425	• (characterised by teeth or cutter arrangement)		E21B 10/44)
10/43	 characterised by the arrangement of teeth or other 	2010/622	• • {with plural separable cutter elements}
10/43	cutting elements	2010/624	{independently attachable}
10/44	Bits with helical conveying portion, e.g. screw type	10/627	with plural detachable cutting elements
10/44	bits; Augers with leading portion or with detachable	10/633	independently detachable
	parts ({Rotary drag type drill bits <u>E21B 10/42</u> };	10/64	. characterised by the whole or part thereof being
	drilling rods with helical structure E21B 17/22)	10/07	insertable into or removable from the borehole
10/445	• • {percussion type, e.g. for masonry (percussion		without withdrawing the drilling pipe (retrievable
10/443	drill bits in general <u>E21B 10/36</u>)}		core receivers E21B 25/02)
10/46	characterised by wear resisting parts, e.g. diamond	10/66	• the cutting element movable through the drilling
10/40	inserts {(drill bits with self-renewable cutting edge	10,00	pipe and laterally shiftable
	E21B 10/006)}		pipe and interact similable
10/48	• the bit being of core type {(saw cylinders having	11/00	Other drilling tools {(boring grabs <u>E21B 27/00</u>)}
10/40	their cutting rim equipped with abrasive particles	11/005	• {Hand operated drilling tools}
	for drilling stone or glass <u>B28D 1/041</u>)}		
	Tot driving stone of grass <u>DEOD 1/071</u> /)		

Drilling tools **E21B**

11/02	• Boring rams (percussion drives used in the borehole <u>E21B 4/06</u> ; percussion drill bits <u>E21B 10/36</u>)	17/04	• • between rod {or the like} and bit or between rod and rod {or the like}
11/06	• with driven cutting chains or similarly driven tools	17/042	• • • threaded {(readily releasing joints E21B 17/06)}
12/00	Accessories for drilling tools {(connecting and disconnecting drill bit and drilling pipe <u>E21B 19/18</u> ;	17/0423	• • • { with plural threaded sections, e.g. with two-
	sharpening stone drill bits <u>B24B 3/33</u>)}	17/0426	step threads} {with a threaded cylindrical portion, e.g. for
12/02	. Wear indicators	17/0420	percussion rods}
12/04	Drill bit protectors	17/043	• • • with locking means
12/06	 Mechanical cleaning devices 	17/046	with ribs, pins or jaws, and complementary
		177010	grooves or the like, e.g. bayonet catches
	ment or details for drilling; Well equipment or well	17/05	Swivel joints
<u>maintenance</u>		17/06	Releasing-joints, e.g. safety joints
15/00	Derricks; Masts; {Other supports (drill rigs with movable understructures <u>E21B 7/02</u>)}	17/07	• • • Telescoping joints for varying drill string lengths; Shock absorbers (heave compensators
15/003	• {adapted to be moved on their substructure, e.g. with skidding means; adapted to drill a plurality of wells (slant-hole rigs E21B 15/04)}		in the derrick <u>E21B 19/09</u> ; releasing-jars <u>E21B 31/107</u> ; {shock-absorbers in general F16F})
15/006	• {Means for anchoring the drilling machine to the	17/073	• • • {with axial rotation}
13/000	ground}	17/076	• • • {with axial rotation} • • • {between rod or pipe and drill bit}
15/02	specially adapted for underwater drilling	17/076	Casing joints
10,02	(E21B 15/04 takes precedence; floating drilling	17/085	Riser connections (connectors for wellhead)
	platforms B63B 35/44; drilling platforms on legs	177005	E21B 33/038)}
15/04	E02B 17/00; {with skidding means E21B 15/003})	17/10	• Wear protectors; Centralising devices, {e.g.
15/04	 specially adapted for directional drilling, e.g. slant hole rigs {(with skidding means <u>E21B 15/003)</u>} 		stabilisers} (drives used in the borehole with anchoring means <u>E21B 4/18</u> ; guiding or centralising
15/045	• • {Hydraulic, pneumatic or electric circuits for their		devices outside the borehole <u>E21B 19/24</u>)
1-100	positioning}	17/1007	• • {for the internal surface of a pipe, e.g. wear bushings for underwater well-heads}
17/00	Drilling rods or pipes; Flexible drill strings;	17/1014	• • {Flexible or expansible centering means, e.g.
	Kellies; Drill collars; Sucker rods; {Cables}; Casings; Tubings (rod couplings in general <u>F16D</u> ; tubes or tube couplings in general <u>F16L</u>)	-,,	with pistons pressing against the wall of the well (E21B 17/1042 takes precedence)}
17/003	• {with electrically conducting or insulating means (E21B 17/028 and E21B 17/023 take precedence)}	17/1021	• • • { with articulated arms or arcuate springs (measuring the diameter <u>E21B 47/08</u>)}
17/006	• {Accessories for drilling pipes, e.g. cleaners (wear protectors <u>E21B 17/10</u> ; handling drilling pipes	17/1028	 • • • { with arcuate springs only, e.g. baskets with outwardly bowed strips for cementing operations }
17/01	E21B 19/00; thread protectors B65D 59/00)} Risers ({connections between riser sections	17/1035	• • {for plural rods, pipes or lines, e.g. for control
17/01	E21B 17/085; supporting a riser from a drilling or		lines}
	production platform <u>E21B 19/004</u> }; riser connectors	17/1042	• • {Elastomer protector or centering means}
	{on well heads} <u>E21B 33/038</u>)	17/105	• • · {split type}
17/012	• • {with buoyancy elements (<u>E21B 17/015</u> takes precedence)}	17/1057	• • {Centralising devices with rollers or with a relatively rotating sleeve (E21B 17/1014 takes
17/015	• • {Non-vertical risers, e.g. articulated or catenary-	17/10/4	precedence)}
	type}	17/1064	. • {Pipes or rods with a relatively rotating sleeve}. • {specially adapted for pump rods, e.g. sucker
17/017	• • {Bend restrictors for limiting stress on risers}	17/1071	rods}
17/02	• Couplings; joints {(Expandable couplings or joints	17/1078	• {Stabilisers or centralisers for casing, tubing or
17/001	E21B 43/106)}	17/10/0	drill pipes (devices for off-center positioning
17/021	Oevices for subsurface connecting or disconnecting by rotation (connecting or disconnecting pipe couplings or joints)		E21B 17/10; E21B 17/1007 - E21B 17/1064 take precedence)}
	<u>E21B 19/16</u> ; fishing tools for frozen rods, casings, ropes, bits or the like <u>E21B 31/00</u>)}	17/1085	• • {Wear protectors; Blast joints; Hard facing (wear protection included in centralising devices, see
17/023	 {Arrangements for connecting cables or wirelines to downhole devices} 	17/1092	relevant subgroups)} {Gauge section of drill bits}
17/025	{Side entry subs}	17/12	Devices for placing or drawing out wear
17/026	{Arrangements for fixing cables or wirelines		protectors
17/020	to the outside of downhole devices (protectors and centralisers for cables and control lines	17/14	• Casing shoes {for the protection of the bottom of the casing}
	E21B 17/1035)}	17/16	. Drill collars
17/028	• • {Electrical or electro-magnetic connections}	17/18	• Pipes provided with plural fluid passages
17/03	• • between drilling rod or pipe and drill motor, e.g. between drilling rod and hammer		({E21B 17/203 takes precedence;} circulation of drilling fluid by means of such pipes E21B 21/12; {general F16L 39/00})

17/20	 Flexible or articulated drilling pipes, {e.g. flexible or articulated rods, pipes or cables (risers 	19/155	 {Handling between horizontal and vertical position}
	<u>E21B 17/01</u> ; swivel joints <u>E21B 17/05</u>)}	19/16	. Connecting or disconnecting pipe couplings or
17/203	• • {with plural fluid passages}		joints (<u>E21B 19/20</u> takes precedence; Pipe wrenches
17/206	• • { with conductors, e.g. electrical, optical (hoses		or the like <u>B25B</u>)
	with electrically conducting means in general <u>F16L 11/127</u>)}	19/161	• • {using a wrench or a spinner adapted to engage a circular section of pipe (<u>E21B 19/168</u> takes
17/22	 Rods or pipes with helical structure (drill bits with 		precedence)}
	helical conveying portion E21B 10/44)	19/162	• • { cathead actuated }
19/00	Handling rods, casings, tubes or the like outside	19/163	• • • {piston-cylinder actuated}
19/00	the borehole, e.g. in the derrick (surface drives	19/164	• • • {motor actuated (<u>E21B 19/162</u> and
	E21B 1/02, E21B 3/02)		E21B 19/163 take precedence)}
19/002	• {specially adapted for underwater drilling	19/165	• • {Control or monitoring arrangements therefor}
19/002	(E21B 19/09, E21B 19/143 take precedence;	19/166	{Arrangements of torque limiters or torque
	risers with buoyancy elements E21B 17/012,		indicators}
	E21B 17/015)}	19/167	• • {using a wrench adapted to engage a non circular
19/004	• • {supporting a riser from a drilling or production		section of pipe, e.g. a section with flats or
17/004	platform}		splines}
19/006	• • • {including heave compensators}	19/168	• • {using a spinner with rollers or a belt adapted to
			engage a well pipe}
19/008	• {Winding units, specially adapted for drilling	19/18	 Connecting or disconnecting drill bit and drilling
	operations (capstans, winches <u>B66D</u> ; cathead		pipe
10/02	actuated pipe wrenches or spinners <u>E21B 19/162</u>)}	19/20	• Combined feeding from rack and connecting, e.g.
19/02	 Rod or cable suspensions (load-engaging elements for hoisting or lowering purposes in general 		automatically
	B66C 1/00; Crown blocks or pulley blocks B66D;	19/22	• Handling reeled pipe or rod units, e.g. flexible
	cable guides <u>B66D 1/36</u>)		drilling pipes {(lifting or hauling appliances
19/04	Hooks		using two or more cooperating endless chains
19/04			B66D 3/003)}
	• Elevators, i.e. rod or tube gripping devices	19/24	. Guiding or centralising devices for drilling rods or
19/07	Slip-type elevators (slips <u>E21B 19/10</u>)		pipes
19/08	• Apparatus for feeding the rods or cables	24/00	
	(E21B 19/22 takes precedence; automatic feed	21/00	Methods or apparatus for flushing boreholes, e.g.
	E21B 44/02; hoisting drums B66D); Apparatus for		by use of exhaust air from motor (freeing objects
	increasing or decreasing the pressure on the drilling tool; Apparatus for counterbalancing the weight of		stuck in boreholes by flushing E21B 31/03; well
	the rods	21/001	drilling compositions <u>C09K 8/02</u>)
19/081	Screw-and-nut feed mechanisms	21/001	• {specially adapted for underwater drilling}
19/081	Cam, rack or like feed mechanisms	21/002	• {Down-hole drilling fluid separation systems
19/083	 can, rack of like reed incertainshis with flexible drawing means, e.g. cables 		(containers comprising collecting means with a strainer <u>E21B 27/005</u> ; subsoil filtering <u>E21B 43/02</u> ;
19/084	 with next the drawing means, e.g. cables with a fluid-actuated cylinder (E21B 19/084, 		down-hole production separators $E21B 43/38$)
19/000	E21B 19/087, E21B 19/09 take precedence)	21/003	• {Means for stopping loss of drilling fluid (plastering
19/087	by means of a swinging arm	21/003	the borehole wall E21B 33/138)}
	with a spring or an additional weight	2021/005	• {using gaseous fluids}
19/089		2021/003	• {Underbalanced techniques, i.e. where borehole
19/09	 specially adapted for drilling underwater formations from a floating support using 	2021/000	fluid pressure is below formation pressure}
	heave compensators supporting the drill string	2021/007	{Arrangements for handling drilling fluids or
	(drilling-pipe telescoping joints <u>E21B 17/07</u> ;	2021/007	cuttings outside the borehole, e.g. mud boxes}
	{heave compensators for supporting a riser	2021/008	. (Means engaging the bore entrance, e.g. hoods
	E21B 19/006})	2021/008	for collecting dust}
19/10	• Slips; Spiders; {Catching devices (rotary tables with	21/01	 Arrangements for handling drilling fluids or cuttings
17/10	master bushing or kelly bushing <u>E21B 3/04</u> ; slip-	21/01	outside the borehole, e.g. mud boxes ({swivel
	type elevators <u>E21B 19/07</u> ; casing heads with slips		joints in hose-lines <u>E21B 21/02</u> ;} arrangements for
	E21B 33/0422)}		treating drilling fluids E21B 21/06; {waste disposal
19/12	• Rope clamps (rope clamps in general F16G 11/00		systems $E21B 41/005$ })
) {rod, casings or tube clamps not secured to	21/012	• • {using exhaust air from the drilling motor for
	elevators}	21,012	blowing off the dust at the borehole entrance}
19/14	• Racks, ramps, troughs or bins, for holding the	21/015	Means engaging the bore entrance, e.g. hoods for
	lengths of rod singly or connected; Handling		collecting dust
	between storage place and borehole (E21B 19/20,	21/02	• Swivel joints in hose-lines {(hose connections in
	E21B 19/22 take precedence; {storing elongated	21,02	general F16L 31/00, F16L 33/00)}
	articles in general B65G 1/0442})	21/06	Arrangements for treating drilling fluids outside
19/143	• • {specially adapted for underwater drilling}	21,00	the borehole (treating steps per se, see the relevant
19/146	• • {Carousel systems, i.e. rotating rack systems}		subclasses)
19/15	Racking of rods in horizontal position; Handling	2021/061	• • {for treating dust-loaded gaseous fluids}
	between horizontal and vertical position	21/062	• • {by mixing components}
	-		() () () () () () () () () ()

21/063	• • {by separating components}	23/14	 for displacing a cable or cable-operated tool,
21/065	• • • {Separating solids from drilling fluids}		e.g. for logging or perforating operations in
21/066	• • • { with further treatment of the solids, e.g. for		deviated wells ({side entry sub <u>E21B 17/025</u> ;
21,000	disposal}		control line protectors <u>E21B 17/1035</u> }; by fluid
21/067	• • • {Separating gases from drilling fluids}		pressure E21B 23/08; provision on well heads
21/068	 (using chemical treatment)		for introducing or removing cable-operated tools
21/000	 • (using chemical deather) • for treating dust-laden gaseous fluids 		E21B 33/072, E21B 33/076)
		25/00	
21/08	• Controlling or monitoring pressure or flow of	25/00	Apparatus for obtaining or removing undisturbed
	drilling fluid, e.g. automatic filling of boreholes,		cores, e.g. core barrels, core extractors (core
	automatic control of bottom pressure (valve arrangements therefor <u>E21B 21/10</u>)		bits E21B 10/02; using explosives or projectiles in
21/10			boreholes <u>E21B 49/04</u> ; side-wall sampling or coring
21/10	 Valve arrangements in drilling fluid circulation systems (valves in general <u>F16K</u>) 	25/005	E21B 49/06)
21/103	• • {Down-hole by-pass valve arrangements, i.e.	25/005	• {Above ground means for handling the core, e.g. for
21/103	between the inside of the drill string and the	25/02	extracting the core from the core barrel}
	annulus}	25/02	the core receiver being insertable into, or removable
21/106	• • {Valve arrangements outside the borehole, e.g.		from, the borehole without withdrawing the drilling
21/100	kelly valves}	25/04	pipe (retrievable drill bits <u>E21B 10/64</u>) • the core receiver having a core forming cutting
21/12	 using drilling pipes with plural fluid passages, e.g. 	25/04	edge or element, e.g. punch type core barrels
21/12	closed circulation systems (pipes with plural fluid	25/06	
	passages E21B 17/18)	25/06	• the core receiver having a flexible liner or inflatable
21/14	• using liquids and gases, e.g. foams	25/09	retaining means
21/14	 using agaseous fluids (E21B 21/14 takes precedence; 	25/08	. Coating, freezing, consolidating cores (E21B 25/06
21/10	arrangements for handling drilling fluids outside		takes precedence); Recovering uncontaminated cores or cores at formation pressure
	the borehole E21B 21/01; arrangements for treating	25/10	Formed core retaining or severing means
	drilling fluids E21B 21/06)	23/10	(E21B 25/06, E21B 25/08 take precedence)
21/18	Preventing exhaust air from the drill motor from	25/12	
21/10	blowing-off towards the working face	25/12	. of the sliding wedge type
		25/14	mounted on pivot transverse to core axis for obtaining oriented cores
23/00	Apparatus for displacing, setting, locking,	25/16	for obtaining oriented cores
	releasing, or removing tools, packers or the like in	25/18	• the core receiver being specially adapted for
	the boreholes or wells (setting of casings, screens or		operation under water
	liners <u>E21B 43/10</u>)	27/00	Containers for collecting or depositing substances
23/002	• {Tool diverters, e.g. for through-the-flow line tool		in boreholes or wells, e.g. bailers, {baskets or
	systems or for wire-line tools (E21B 23/03 takes		buckets} for collecting mud or sand; Drill bits with
22/004	precedence; for drilling <u>E21B 7/06</u>)}		means for collecting substances, e.g. valve drill bits
23/004	• {Indexing systems for guiding relative movement	27/005	• {Collecting means with a strainer}
22/00	between telescoping parts of downhole tools}	27/02	 Dump bailers, i.e. containers for depositing
23/006	• • {"J-slot" systems, i.e. lug and slot indexing		substances, e.g. cement or acids
2022/000	mechanisms}	27/04	 where the collecting or depositing means including
2023/008	• {Self propelling system or apparatus, e.g. for		helical conveying means {(drilling with helical
	moving tools within the horizontal portion of a borehole}		conveying means combined with bucket-type
22/01	 for anchoring the tools or the like 		container <u>E21B 7/006</u>)}
23/01	(E21B 23/02 - E21B 23/06 take precedence;	28/00	Vibration generating arrangements for boreholes
	anchoring of drives in the borehole $\underline{E21B} \ \underline{23/00}$;	20/00	or wells, e.g. for stimulating production (for
	{packers <u>E21B 33/12</u> })		drilling E21B 7/24; {for fishing for or freeing
23/02	• for locking the tools or the like in landing nipples		objects E21B 31/005}; for transmitting measuring-
23/02	or in recesses between adjacent sections of tubing		signals E21B 47/14; for geophysical measurements
	(E21B 23/03 - E21B 23/06 take precedence)		G01V 1/02)
23/03	• for setting the tools into, or removing the tools from,		
23/03	laterally offset landing nipples or pockets		WARNING
23/04	• operated by fluid means, e.g. actuated by explosion		Group E21B 28/00 is not complete. See also
25, 0 1	(E21B 23/06, E21B 23/08 take precedence)		E21B 43/003
23/06	• for setting packers	29/00	Catting on destructing vives and long place on
23/065	• • {setting tool actuated by explosion or gas	29/00	Cutting or destroying pipes, packers, plugs, or wire lines, located in boreholes or wells, e.g.
20,000	generating means}		cutting of damaged pipes, of windows (perforators
23/08	• Introducing or running tools by fluid pressure, e.g.		E21B 43/11); Deforming of pipes in boreholes or
	through-the-flow-line tool systems ({tool diverters		wells; Reconditioning of well casings while in the
	E21B 23/002}; special provisions on heads therefor		ground {(by enlarging drilled holes or counterboring
	E21B 33/068; cementing plugs E21B 33/16;		E21B 7/28)}
	scrapers operated by fluid pressure <u>E21B 37/04</u>)	29/002	• {Cutting, e.g. milling, a pipe with a cutter rotating
23/10	Tools specially adapted therefor	-	along the circumference of the pipe}
		29/005	• • {with a radially-expansible cutter rotating inside
			the pipe, e.g. for cutting an annular window}

29/007	• • {with a radially-retracting cutter rotating outside the pipe}	33/038	Connectors used on well heads, e.g. for connecting blow-out preventer and riser
29/02	 by explosives or by thermal or chemical means ({freeing stuck objects by explosives 		(connecting a production flow-line to an underwater well head <u>E21B</u> 43/013)
	E21B 31/002}; destroying objects in boreholes or wells by explosives E21B 31/16)	33/0385	• • • • {electrical connectors (underwater electrical connections in general
29/04	. Cutting of wire lines or the like (E21B 29/02 takes	22/04	<u>H01R 13/523</u>)}
29/06	 cutting windows, e.g. directional window cutters for whipstock operations ({E21B 29/005 and}) 	33/04	Casing heads; Suspending casings or tubings in well heads (setting of casings in wells E21B 43/10)
	E21B 29/08 take precedence {; whipstocks E21B 7/061})	33/0407 33/0415	 {with a suspended electrical cable} {rotating or floating support for tubing or
29/08	. Cutting or deforming pipes to control fluid flow		casing hanger}
29/10	(shear type blow-out preventers <u>E21B 33/063</u>) Reconditioning of well casings, e.g. straightening	33/0422	by a slip or an internally serrated member
29/12	 specially adapted for underwater installations (E21B 29/08 takes precedence) 	33/043	(slips in rotary table <u>E21B 19/10</u>)} specially adapted for underwater well
31/00	Fishing for or freeing objects in boreholes or		heads ({E21B 33/0407,} E21B 33/047 take precedence)
	wells ({using junk baskets or the like <u>E21B 27/00</u> };	33/047	for plural tubing strings
	provisions on well heads for introducing or removing objects <u>E21B 33/068</u> ; Locating or determining the	33/05	Cementing-heads, e.g. having provision for
	position of objects in boreholes or wells <u>E21B 47/09</u>)		introducing cementing plugs
31/002	• {Destroying the objects to be fished, e.g.	33/06	Blow-out preventers, {i.e. apparatus closing
	by explosive means (cutting by explosives E21B 29/02)}		around a drill pipe, e.g. annular blow-out preventers (rotating blow-out preventers
31/005	• {using vibrating or oscillating means (vibration	33/061	E21B 33/085; valves E21B 34/00)} {Ram-type blow-out preventers, e.g. with
	generating arrangements for boreholes or wells	33/001	pivoting rams}
21/007	E21B 28/00)}	33/062	• • • { with sliding rams }
31/007	 {fishing tools with means for attaching comprising fusing or sticking} 	33/063	{for shearing drill pipes (cutting of
31/03	 Freeing by flushing; {Controlling differential pipe sticking} 		wireline <u>E21B 29/04</u> ; cutting pipes <u>E21B 29/08</u>)}
31/06	 using magnetic means 	33/064	specially adapted for underwater well
31/107	 using impact means for releasing stuck parts, e.g. jars (telescoping joints <u>E21B 17/07</u>) 		heads (connectors therefor E21B 33/038; {control systems for submerged well-heads E21B 33/0355})
31/1075	• • {using explosives}	33/068	having provision for introducing objects or
31/113	. hydraulically-operated		fluids into, or removing objects from, wells
31/1135	 . • {Jars with a hydraulic impedance mecanism, i.e. a restriction, for initially delaying escape of a restraining fluid} 	22/072	(cementing heads <u>E21B 33/05</u> ; {wipers, oil savers <u>E21B 33/08</u> })
31/12	• Grappling tools, e.g. tongs or grabs	33/072	• • • for cable-operated tools (<u>E21B 33/076</u> takes
31/125	 (specially adapted for parted wire line or ropes) 	33/076	precedence) specially adapted for underwater installations
31/14	• • with means deflecting the direction of the tool,	33/08	. Wipers; Oil savers
	e.g. by use of knuckle joints (apparatus for	33/085	• • • {Rotatable packing means, e.g. rotating blow-
24/4-2	deflecting the boring <u>E21B 7/06</u>)		out preventers}
31/16	• combined with cutting or destroying means (cutting or destroying means per se E21B 29/00)	33/10	• in the borehole {(sealing the junction between main bore and laterals $\underline{E21B} \ \underline{41/0042}$)}
31/18	• gripping externally, e.g. overshot	2033/105	• • {characterised by sealing the junction between a
31/20	• • gripping internally, e.g. fishing spears	22/12	lateral and a main bore }
33/00	Sealing or packing boreholes or wells	33/12	• Packers; Plugs ({locking packers or plugs in landing nipples <u>E21B 23/02</u> }; used for cementing
2033/005	• {Sealings characterised by their shape}		E21B 33/134, E21B 33/16)
33/02	Surface sealing or packing	33/1204	• • {permanent; drillable}
33/03	. Well heads; Setting-up thereof (valve	33/1208	{characterised by the construction of the
33/035	 arrangements therefor <u>E21B 34/02</u>) specially adapted for underwater installations 		sealing or packing means (E21B 33/1277 takes
	(E21B 33/043, E21B 33/064, E21B 33/076 take	33/1212	precedence)} {including a metal-to-metal seal element}
	precedence)	33/1212	{Anti-extrusion means, e.g. means to prevent
33/0355	(Control systems, e.g. hydraulic, pneumatic,	22,1210	cold flow of rubber packing}
33/037	electric, acoustic, for submerged well heads} Protective housing therefor	33/122	Multiple string packers
33/037	{Corrosion protection means (in general	33/124	Units with longitudinally-spaced plugs for
33/0313	C23F)}	22/12/2	isolating the intermediate space
		33/1243	• • • {with inflatable sleeves}

33/1246	• • • • {inflated by down-hole pumping means operated by a pipe string}	34/00	Valve arrangements for boreholes or wells (in drilling fluid circulation systems <u>E21B 21/10</u> ;
33/126	• • • with fluid-pressure-operated elastic cup or skirt (E21B 33/122, E21B 33/124 take precedence)		{tool diverters <u>E21B 23/002;</u> } blow-out preventers <u>E21B 33/06;</u> oil flow regulating apparatus
33/1265	{with mechanical slips}	2034/002	E21B 43/12; valves in general F16K)
33/127	with inflatable sleeve (E21B 33/122,		• {Ball valves}
22/1272	E21B 33/124 take precedence)	2034/005	• {Flapper valves}
33/1272	 {inflated by down-hole pumping means operated by a pipe string} 	2034/007	• {Sleeve valves}
33/1275	• • • { inflated by down-hole pumping means	34/02	in well heads
33/12/3	operated by a down-hole drive	34/04	in underwater well heads{adapted to be lowered on a tubular string into
33/1277	• • • {characterised by the construction or fixation of the sleeve}	34/045	position within a blow-out preventer stack, e.g. so-called test trees}
33/128	with a member expanded radially by axial	34/06	• in wells
	pressure (E21B 33/122, E21B 33/124, {E21B 33/129} take precedence; {characterised	34/063	• • {Valve or closure with destructible element, e.g. frangible disc (<u>E21B 34/103</u> takes precedence)}
	by the construction of the sealing means	34/066	• • {electrically actuated}
22/1205	E21B 33/1208})	34/08	responsive to flow or pressure of the fluid
33/1285	{by fluid pressure}		obtained (E21B 34/10 takes precedence)
33/129	with mechanical slips for hooking into the casing (E21B 33/122, E21B 33/124 take precedence)	34/085	• • { with time-delay systems, e.g. hydraulic impedance mechanisms}
33/1291	• • • {anchor set by wedge or cam in combination	34/10	 operated by control fluid supplied from above ground ({by a dropped ball or piston
	with frictional effect, using so-called drag- blocks (E21B 33/1295 takes precedence)}		E21B 34/14;} above-ground control means E21B 34/16)
33/1292	• • • • { with means for anchoring against	34/101	• • { with means for equalizing fluid pressure
	downward and upward movement}		above and below the valve}
33/1293	• • • { with means for anchoring against	34/102	• • • { with means for locking the closing element
	downward and upward movement (E21B 33/1291, E21B 33/1295 take		inopen or closed position (E21B 34/105 and
	precedence)}		E21B 34/108 take precedence)}
33/1294	• • • {characterised by a valve, e.g. a by-pass	34/103	• • • {with a shear pin}
33/12/4	valve}	34/105	• • {retrievable, e.g. wire line retrievable, i.e. with
33/1295	actuated by fluid pressure		an element which can be landed into a landing-
33/12955			nipple provided with a passage for control fluid}
	the inner wall of the well}	34/106	• • • • {the retrievable element being a secondary
33/13	Methods or devices for cementing, for plugging	3 1/100	control fluid actuated valve landed into
	holes, crevices, or the like (dump bailers		the bore of a first inoperative control fluid
	E21B 27/02; {methods or apparatus for grouting		actuated valve}
	offshore structures <u>E02B 17/0008</u> } chemical	34/107	• • • { the retrievable element being an operating
	compositions therefor <u>C09K 8/00</u>)		or controlling means retrievable separately
33/134	• • • Bridging plugs {(packers <u>E21B 33/12</u>)}		from the closure member, e.g. pilot valve
33/136	Baskets, e.g. of umbrella type		landed into a side pocket (E21B 34/106 takes
33/138	• • Plastering the borehole wall; Injecting		precedence)}
	into the formations {(packers E21B 33/12;	34/108	• • • {with time delay systems, e.g. hydraulic
	consolidation of loose sand or the like round the wells without excessively decreasing	24/10	impedance mechanisms}
	the permeability thereof <u>E21B 43/025</u> ,	34/12	• operated by movement of casings or tubings
	compositions therefor <u>C09K 8/56</u>)}	34/125	 . • {with time delay systems, e.g. hydraulic impedance mechanisms}
33/14	for cementing casings into boreholes {(using	34/14	• • operated by movement of tools, e.g. sleeve
	special cement compositions <u>C09K 8/42</u> ;	34/14	valves operated by pistons or wire line tools
	control of cementation quality or level		$\{(\underline{E21B} \ 34/066 \ \text{takes precedence})\}$
	E21B 47/0005)}	34/16	Above-ground control means therefor {(control)
33/143	• • • {for underwater installations}		systems for submerged well heads <u>E21B 33/0355</u>)}
33/146	• • • • {Stage cementing, i.e. discharging cement	25/00	
0011	from casing at different levels}	35/00	Methods or apparatus for preventing or extinguishing fires (cutting or deforming pipes to
33/16	using plugs for isolating cement		control fluid flow E21B 29/08; controlling flow
	charge; Plugs therefor {(spacer compositions <u>C09K 8/424</u> ; stage cementing		of fluid to or in wells $\underline{E21B}$ $\underline{43/12}$; fire fighting in
	E21B 33/146)}		general A62C, A62D)
		26/00	Heating cooling inculating among amont for
		36/00	Heating, cooling, insulating arrangements for boreholes or wells, e.g. for use in permafrost
			zones (drilling by use of heat E21B 7/14; secondary
			recovery methods using heat E21B 43/24)

	(C 1'	41/0005	
36/001	• {Cooling arrangements}	41/0085	• {Adaptations of electric power generating means for
36/003	• {Insulating arrangements}		use in boreholes (generation of electric power per se
36/005	• {Heater surrounding production tube}	41/0002	H02)}
36/006	• {Combined heating and pumping means}	41/0092	• {Methods relating to program engineering, design
36/008	• {using chemical heat generating means}	41/02	or optimisation}
36/02	 using burners 	41/02	 in situ inhibition of corrosion in boreholes or wells (dump bailers <u>E21B 27/02</u>; chemical compositions
36/025	• • {the burners being above ground or outside the		therefor <u>C09K 8/54</u> ; inhibiting corrosion in general
	bore hole}		C23F)
36/04	 using electrical heaters 	41/04	 Manipulators for underwater operations, e.g.
37/00	Methods or apparatus for cleaning boreholes	41/04	temporarily connected to well heads (manipulators
27700	or wells (E21B 21/00 takes precedence; {bailers		in general <u>B25J</u>)
	E21B 27/00;} cleaning pipes in general <u>B08B 9/02</u>)	41/06	• Work chambers for underwater operations, e.g.
37/02	Scrapers specially adapted therefor		temporarily connected to well heads (in general
37/04	• operated by fluid pressure, e.g. free-piston		B63C 11/00)
	scrapers (operating other tools by fluid pressure	41/08	 Underwater guide bases, e.g. drilling templates;
	E21B 23/08)		Levelling therefor
37/045	• • {Free-piston scrapers}		WARNING
37/06	 using chemical means for preventing, limiting 		
	{or eliminating} the deposition of paraffins or		This group was introduced in January 2000.
	like substances (chemical compositions therefor		Patent documents are continuously being reclassified to this group from groups <u>E21B 7/12</u> ,
	<u>C09K 8/52</u>)		E21B 33/035, E21B 43/017
37/08	• cleaning in situ of down-hole filters, screens, {e.g.		<u>D21D 33/033, D21D 43/017</u>
	casing perforations,} or gravel packs (E21B 37/06	41/10	• Guide posts, e.g. releasable; Attaching guide lines to
27/10	takes precedence)		underwater guide bases
37/10	• Well swabs {(pistons in general <u>F16J</u>)}	01411 6	.1.6. 11
40/00	Tubing catchers, automatically arresting the fall	Obtaining flu	nids from wells
	of oil-well tubing {(preventing small objects from	43/00	Methods or apparatus for obtaining oil, gas,
	falling into the borehole <u>E21B 41/0021</u>)}		water, soluble or meltable materials or a slurry of
41/00	Equipment or details not covered by groups		minerals from wells (applicable only to water <u>E03B</u> ;
41/00	E21B 15/00 - E21B 40/00		obtaining oil-bearing deposits or soluble or meltable
41/0007	• {for underwater installations (E21B 41/005,		materials by mining techniques <u>E21C 41/00</u> ; pumps
	E21B 41/04, E21B 41/06, E21B 41/08, E21B 41/10	10/00	<u>F04</u>)
	take precedence)}	43/003	• {Vibrating earth formations (vibration generating
41/0014	• • {Underwater well locating or reentry systems}	12/006	arrangements for boreholes or wells <u>E21B 28/00</u>)
41/0021	• {Safety devices, e.g. for preventing small objects	43/006	• {Production of coal-bed methane (<u>E21B 43/243</u> takes precedence; methods or devices for drawing-
	from falling into the borehole}		off gases for safety purposes in mines <u>E21F 7/00</u>)}
2041/0028	• {Fuzzy logic, artificial intelligence, neural	43/01	• specially adapted for obtaining from underwater
	networks, or the like}		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	13/01	
41/0035	• {Apparatus or methods for multilateral well	43/0107	installations (underwater well heads <u>E21B 33/035</u>) • {Connecting of flow lines to offshore structures
41/0035	• {Apparatus or methods for multilateral well technology, e.g. for the completion of or		installations (underwater well heads <u>E21B 33/035</u>)
41/0035	• {Apparatus or methods for multilateral well technology, e.g. for the completion of or workover on wells with one or more lateral	43/0107	installations (underwater well heads <u>E21B 33/035</u>) • {Connecting of flow lines to offshore structures
41/0035	• {Apparatus or methods for multilateral well technology, e.g. for the completion of or workover on wells with one or more lateral branches (whipstocks <u>E21B 7/061</u> ; tool diverters	43/0107	 installations (underwater well heads <u>E21B 33/035</u>) . {Connecting of flow lines to offshore structures (<u>E21B 43/013</u> takes precedence)}
41/0035	• {Apparatus or methods for multilateral well technology, e.g. for the completion of or workover on wells with one or more lateral branches (whipstocks <u>E21B 7/061</u> ; tool diverters <u>E21B 23/002</u> ; cutting casing windows <u>E21B 29/06</u> ;	43/0107	 installations (underwater well heads E21B 33/035) Connecting of flow lines to offshore structures (E21B 43/013 takes precedence)} {Drilling for or production of natural gas hydrate reservoirs; Drilling through or monitoring of formations containing gas hydrates}
	• {Apparatus or methods for multilateral well technology, e.g. for the completion of or workover on wells with one or more lateral branches (whipstocks <u>E21B 7/061</u> ; tool diverters <u>E21B 23/002</u> ; cutting casing windows <u>E21B 29/06</u> ; specific well pattern <u>E21B 43/30</u>)}	43/0107	 installations (underwater well heads E21B 33/035) Connecting of flow lines to offshore structures (E21B 43/013 takes precedence)} {Drilling for or production of natural gas hydrate reservoirs; Drilling through or monitoring of formations containing gas hydrates} {Collecting oil or the like from a submerged
41/0035	 {Apparatus or methods for multilateral well technology, e.g. for the completion of or workover on wells with one or more lateral branches (whipstocks E21B 7/061; tool diverters E21B 23/002; cutting casing windows E21B 29/06; specific well pattern E21B 43/30)} {characterised by sealing the junction between a 	43/0107 2043/0115	 installations (underwater well heads E21B 33/035) • {Connecting of flow lines to offshore structures (E21B 43/013 takes precedence)} • {Drilling for or production of natural gas hydrate reservoirs; Drilling through or monitoring of formations containing gas hydrates} • {Collecting oil or the like from a submerged leakage (cleaning or keeping clear the surface of
	 {Apparatus or methods for multilateral well technology, e.g. for the completion of or workover on wells with one or more lateral branches (whipstocks E21B 7/061; tool diverters E21B 23/002; cutting casing windows E21B 29/06; specific well pattern E21B 43/30)} {characterised by sealing the junction between a lateral and a main bore} 	43/0107 2043/0115 43/0122	 installations (underwater well heads E21B 33/035) Connecting of flow lines to offshore structures (E21B 43/013 takes precedence)} {Drilling for or production of natural gas hydrate reservoirs; Drilling through or monitoring of formations containing gas hydrates} {Collecting oil or the like from a submerged leakage (cleaning or keeping clear the surface of open water from oil or the like E02B 15/04)}
41/0042	 {Apparatus or methods for multilateral well technology, e.g. for the completion of or workover on wells with one or more lateral branches (whipstocks E21B 7/061; tool diverters E21B 23/002; cutting casing windows E21B 29/06; specific well pattern E21B 43/30)} {characterised by sealing the junction between a 	43/0107 2043/0115	 installations (underwater well heads E21B 33/035) . {Connecting of flow lines to offshore structures (E21B 43/013 takes precedence)} . {Drilling for or production of natural gas hydrate reservoirs; Drilling through or monitoring of formations containing gas hydrates} . {Collecting oil or the like from a submerged leakage (cleaning or keeping clear the surface of open water from oil or the like E02B 15/04)} . connecting a production flow line to an
41/0042	 {Apparatus or methods for multilateral well technology, e.g. for the completion of or workover on wells with one or more lateral branches (whipstocks E21B 7/061; tool diverters E21B 23/002; cutting casing windows E21B 29/06; specific well pattern E21B 43/30)} {characterised by sealing the junction between a lateral and a main bore} {Waste disposal systems (treatment of drilling fluid 	43/0107 2043/0115 43/0122 43/013	 installations (underwater well heads E21B 33/035) Connecting of flow lines to offshore structures (E21B 43/013 takes precedence)} {Drilling for or production of natural gas hydrate reservoirs; Drilling through or monitoring of formations containing gas hydrates} {Collecting oil or the like from a submerged leakage (cleaning or keeping clear the surface of open water from oil or the like E02B 15/04)} connecting a production flow line to an underwater well head
41/0042	 {Apparatus or methods for multilateral well technology, e.g. for the completion of or workover on wells with one or more lateral branches (whipstocks E21B 7/061; tool diverters E21B 23/002; cutting casing windows E21B 29/06; specific well pattern E21B 43/30)} {characterised by sealing the junction between a lateral and a main bore} {Waste disposal systems (treatment of drilling fluid outside the borehole E21B 21/06; collecting oil or 	43/0107 2043/0115 43/0122 43/013 43/0135	 installations (underwater well heads E21B 33/035) Connecting of flow lines to offshore structures (E21B 43/013 takes precedence)} {Drilling for or production of natural gas hydrate reservoirs; Drilling through or monitoring of formations containing gas hydrates} {Collecting oil or the like from a submerged leakage (cleaning or keeping clear the surface of open water from oil or the like E02B 15/04)} connecting a production flow line to an underwater well head {using a pulling cable}
41/0042 41/005	 {Apparatus or methods for multilateral well technology, e.g. for the completion of or workover on wells with one or more lateral branches (whipstocks E21B 7/061; tool diverters E21B 23/002; cutting casing windows E21B 29/06; specific well pattern E21B 43/30)} {characterised by sealing the junction between a lateral and a main bore} {Waste disposal systems (treatment of drilling fluid outside the borehole E21B 21/06; collecting oil or the like from a submerged leakage E21B 43/0122)} {Disposal of a fluid by injection into a subterranean formation} 	43/0107 2043/0115 43/0122 43/013	 installations (underwater well heads E21B 33/035) . {Connecting of flow lines to offshore structures (E21B 43/013 takes precedence)} . {Drilling for or production of natural gas hydrate reservoirs; Drilling through or monitoring of formations containing gas hydrates} . {Collecting oil or the like from a submerged leakage (cleaning or keeping clear the surface of open water from oil or the like E02B 15/04)} . connecting a production flow line to an underwater well head . {using a pulling cable} . Production satellite stations, i.e. underwater
41/0042 41/005	 {Apparatus or methods for multilateral well technology, e.g. for the completion of or workover on wells with one or more lateral branches (whipstocks E21B 7/061; tool diverters E21B 23/002; cutting casing windows E21B 29/06; specific well pattern E21B 43/30)} {characterised by sealing the junction between a lateral and a main bore} {Waste disposal systems (treatment of drilling fluid outside the borehole E21B 21/06; collecting oil or the like from a submerged leakage E21B 43/0122)} {Disposal of a fluid by injection into a subterranean formation} {Carbon dioxide sequestration (storing fluids in 	43/0107 2043/0115 43/0122 43/013 43/0135	 installations (underwater well heads E21B 33/035) . {Connecting of flow lines to offshore structures (E21B 43/013 takes precedence)} . {Drilling for or production of natural gas hydrate reservoirs; Drilling through or monitoring of formations containing gas hydrates} . {Collecting oil or the like from a submerged leakage (cleaning or keeping clear the surface of open water from oil or the like E02B 15/04)} . connecting a production flow line to an underwater well head . {using a pulling cable} . Production satellite stations, i.e. underwater installations comprising a plurality of
41/0042 41/005 41/0057 41/0064	 {Apparatus or methods for multilateral well technology, e.g. for the completion of or workover on wells with one or more lateral branches (whipstocks E21B 7/061; tool diverters E21B 23/002; cutting casing windows E21B 29/06; specific well pattern E21B 43/30)} {characterised by sealing the junction between a lateral and a main bore} {Waste disposal systems (treatment of drilling fluid outside the borehole E21B 21/06; collecting oil or the like from a submerged leakage E21B 43/0122)} {Disposal of a fluid by injection into a subterranean formation} {Carbon dioxide sequestration (storing fluids in porous layers B65G 5/005)} 	43/0107 2043/0115 43/0122 43/013 43/0135	 installations (underwater well heads E21B 33/035) Connecting of flow lines to offshore structures (E21B 43/013 takes precedence)} {Drilling for or production of natural gas hydrate reservoirs; Drilling through or monitoring of formations containing gas hydrates} {Collecting oil or the like from a submerged leakage (cleaning or keeping clear the surface of open water from oil or the like E02B 15/04)} connecting a production flow line to an underwater well head {using a pulling cable} Production satellite stations, i.e. underwater installations comprising a plurality of satellite well heads connected to a central
41/0042 41/005 41/0057	 {Apparatus or methods for multilateral well technology, e.g. for the completion of or workover on wells with one or more lateral branches (whipstocks E21B 7/061; tool diverters E21B 23/002; cutting casing windows E21B 29/06; specific well pattern E21B 43/30)} {characterised by sealing the junction between a lateral and a main bore} {Waste disposal systems (treatment of drilling fluid outside the borehole E21B 21/06; collecting oil or the like from a submerged leakage E21B 43/0122)} {Disposal of a fluid by injection into a subterranean formation} {Carbon dioxide sequestration (storing fluids in porous layers B65G 5/005)} {Adaptation of flares, e.g. arrangements of flares 	43/0107 2043/0115 43/0122 43/013 43/0135	 installations (underwater well heads E21B 33/035) Connecting of flow lines to offshore structures (E21B 43/013 takes precedence)} {Drilling for or production of natural gas hydrate reservoirs; Drilling through or monitoring of formations containing gas hydrates} {Collecting oil or the like from a submerged leakage (cleaning or keeping clear the surface of open water from oil or the like E02B 15/04)} connecting a production flow line to an underwater well head {using a pulling cable} Production satellite stations, i.e. underwater installations comprising a plurality of satellite well heads connected to a central station (underwater separating arrangements
41/0042 41/005 41/0057 41/0064	 {Apparatus or methods for multilateral well technology, e.g. for the completion of or workover on wells with one or more lateral branches (whipstocks E21B 7/061; tool diverters E21B 23/002; cutting casing windows E21B 29/06; specific well pattern E21B 43/30)} • {characterised by sealing the junction between a lateral and a main bore} • {Waste disposal systems (treatment of drilling fluid outside the borehole E21B 21/06; collecting oil or the like from a submerged leakage E21B 43/0122)} • {Disposal of a fluid by injection into a subterranean formation} • • {Carbon dioxide sequestration (storing fluids in porous layers B65G 5/005)} • {Adaptation of flares, e.g. arrangements of flares in offshore installations (flares of waste gases or 	43/0107 2043/0115 43/0122 43/013 43/0135	 installations (underwater well heads E21B 33/035) • {Connecting of flow lines to offshore structures (E21B 43/013 takes precedence)} • {Drilling for or production of natural gas hydrate reservoirs; Drilling through or monitoring of formations containing gas hydrates} • {Collecting oil or the like from a submerged leakage (cleaning or keeping clear the surface of open water from oil or the like E02B 15/04)} • connecting a production flow line to an underwater well head • {using a pulling cable} • Production satellite stations, i.e. underwater installations comprising a plurality of satellite well heads connected to a central station (underwater separating arrangements E21B 43/36)
41/0042 41/005 41/0057 41/0064 41/0071	 {Apparatus or methods for multilateral well technology, e.g. for the completion of or workover on wells with one or more lateral branches (whipstocks E21B 7/061; tool diverters E21B 23/002; cutting casing windows E21B 29/06; specific well pattern E21B 43/30)} • {characterised by sealing the junction between a lateral and a main bore} • {Waste disposal systems (treatment of drilling fluid outside the borehole E21B 21/06; collecting oil or the like from a submerged leakage E21B 43/0122)} • {Disposal of a fluid by injection into a subterranean formation} • • {Carbon dioxide sequestration (storing fluids in porous layers B65G 5/005)} • {Adaptation of flares, e.g. arrangements of flares in offshore installations (flares of waste gases or noxious gases F23G 7/08)} 	43/0107 2043/0115 43/0122 43/013 43/0135 43/017	 installations (underwater well heads E21B 33/035) Connecting of flow lines to offshore structures (E21B 43/013 takes precedence)} {Drilling for or production of natural gas hydrate reservoirs; Drilling through or monitoring of formations containing gas hydrates} {Collecting oil or the like from a submerged leakage (cleaning or keeping clear the surface of open water from oil or the like E02B 15/04)} connecting a production flow line to an underwater well head {using a pulling cable} Production satellite stations, i.e. underwater installations comprising a plurality of satellite well heads connected to a central station (underwater separating arrangements
41/0042 41/005 41/0057 41/0064	 {Apparatus or methods for multilateral well technology, e.g. for the completion of or workover on wells with one or more lateral branches (whipstocks E21B 7/061; tool diverters E21B 23/002; cutting casing windows E21B 29/06; specific well pattern E21B 43/30)} {characterised by sealing the junction between a lateral and a main bore} {Waste disposal systems (treatment of drilling fluid outside the borehole E21B 21/06; collecting oil or the like from a submerged leakage E21B 43/0122)} {Disposal of a fluid by injection into a subterranean formation} {Carbon dioxide sequestration (storing fluids in porous layers B65G 5/005)} {Adaptation of flares, e.g. arrangements of flares in offshore installations (flares of waste gases or noxious gases F23G 7/08)} {Nozzles used in boreholes (drilling by liquid 	43/0107 2043/0115 43/0122 43/013 43/0135 43/017	 installations (underwater well heads E21B 33/035) • {Connecting of flow lines to offshore structures (E21B 43/013 takes precedence)} • {Drilling for or production of natural gas hydrate reservoirs; Drilling through or monitoring of formations containing gas hydrates} • {Collecting oil or the like from a submerged leakage (cleaning or keeping clear the surface of open water from oil or the like E02B 15/04)} • connecting a production flow line to an underwater well head • {using a pulling cable} • Production satellite stations, i.e. underwater installations comprising a plurality of satellite well heads connected to a central station (underwater separating arrangements E21B 43/36) • Subsoil filtering (E21B 43/11 takes precedence,
41/0042 41/005 41/0057 41/0064 41/0071	 {Apparatus or methods for multilateral well technology, e.g. for the completion of or workover on wells with one or more lateral branches (whipstocks E21B 7/061; tool diverters E21B 23/002; cutting casing windows E21B 29/06; specific well pattern E21B 43/30)} • {characterised by sealing the junction between a lateral and a main bore} • {Waste disposal systems (treatment of drilling fluid outside the borehole E21B 21/06; collecting oil or the like from a submerged leakage E21B 43/0122)} • {Disposal of a fluid by injection into a subterranean formation} • • {Carbon dioxide sequestration (storing fluids in porous layers B65G 5/005)} • {Adaptation of flares, e.g. arrangements of flares in offshore installations (flares of waste gases or noxious gases F23G 7/08)} • {Nozzles used in boreholes (drilling by liquid or gas jets E21B 7/18; drill bits with nozzles 	43/0107 2043/0115 43/0122 43/013 43/0135 43/017	 installations (underwater well heads E21B 33/035) • {Connecting of flow lines to offshore structures (E21B 43/013 takes precedence)} • {Drilling for or production of natural gas hydrate reservoirs; Drilling through or monitoring of formations containing gas hydrates} • {Collecting oil or the like from a submerged leakage (cleaning or keeping clear the surface of open water from oil or the like E02B 15/04)} • connecting a production flow line to an underwater well head • {using a pulling cable} • Production satellite stations, i.e. underwater installations comprising a plurality of satellite well heads connected to a central station (underwater separating arrangements E21B 43/36) • Subsoil filtering (E21B 43/11 takes precedence, chemical compositions for consolidating loose sand
41/0042 41/005 41/0057 41/0064 41/0071	 {Apparatus or methods for multilateral well technology, e.g. for the completion of or workover on wells with one or more lateral branches (whipstocks E21B 7/061; tool diverters E21B 23/002; cutting casing windows E21B 29/06; specific well pattern E21B 43/30)} • {characterised by sealing the junction between a lateral and a main bore} • {Waste disposal systems (treatment of drilling fluid outside the borehole E21B 21/06; collecting oil or the like from a submerged leakage E21B 43/0122)} • {Disposal of a fluid by injection into a subterranean formation} • • {Carbon dioxide sequestration (storing fluids in porous layers B65G 5/005)} • {Adaptation of flares, e.g. arrangements of flares in offshore installations (flares of waste gases or noxious gases F23G 7/08)} • {Nozzles used in boreholes (drilling by liquid or gas jets E21B 7/18; drill bits with nozzles E21B 10/60; perforators using direct fluid action 	43/0107 2043/0115 43/0122 43/013 43/0135 43/017	 installations (underwater well heads E21B 33/035) . {Connecting of flow lines to offshore structures (E21B 43/013 takes precedence)} . {Drilling for or production of natural gas hydrate reservoirs; Drilling through or monitoring of formations containing gas hydrates} . {Collecting oil or the like from a submerged leakage (cleaning or keeping clear the surface of open water from oil or the like E02B 15/04)} . connecting a production flow line to an underwater well head . {using a pulling cable} . Production satellite stations, i.e. underwater installations comprising a plurality of satellite well heads connected to a central station (underwater separating arrangements E21B 43/36) Subsoil filtering (E21B 43/11 takes precedence, chemical compositions for consolidating loose sand or the like around wells C09K 8/56) . {Consolidation of loose sand or the like round the wells without excessively decreasing the
41/0042 41/005 41/0057 41/0064 41/0071	 {Apparatus or methods for multilateral well technology, e.g. for the completion of or workover on wells with one or more lateral branches (whipstocks E21B 7/061; tool diverters E21B 23/002; cutting casing windows E21B 29/06; specific well pattern E21B 43/30)} • {characterised by sealing the junction between a lateral and a main bore} • {Waste disposal systems (treatment of drilling fluid outside the borehole E21B 21/06; collecting oil or the like from a submerged leakage E21B 43/0122)} • {Disposal of a fluid by injection into a subterranean formation} • • {Carbon dioxide sequestration (storing fluids in porous layers B65G 5/005)} • {Adaptation of flares, e.g. arrangements of flares in offshore installations (flares of waste gases or noxious gases F23G 7/08)} • {Nozzles used in boreholes (drilling by liquid or gas jets E21B 7/18; drill bits with nozzles E21B 10/60; perforators using direct fluid action E21B 43/114; obtaining a slurry of minerals using 	43/0107 2043/0115 43/0122 43/013 43/0135 43/017	 installations (underwater well heads E21B 33/035) . {Connecting of flow lines to offshore structures (E21B 43/013 takes precedence)} . {Drilling for or production of natural gas hydrate reservoirs; Drilling through or monitoring of formations containing gas hydrates} . {Collecting oil or the like from a submerged leakage (cleaning or keeping clear the surface of open water from oil or the like E02B 15/04)} . connecting a production flow line to an underwater well head . {using a pulling cable} . Production satellite stations, i.e. underwater installations comprising a plurality of satellite well heads connected to a central station (underwater separating arrangements E21B 43/36) . Subsoil filtering (E21B 43/11 takes precedence, chemical compositions for consolidating loose sand or the like around wells C09K 8/56) . {Consolidation of loose sand or the like round the wells without excessively decreasing the permeability thereof (sealing borehole walls
41/0042 41/005 41/0057 41/0064 41/0071	 {Apparatus or methods for multilateral well technology, e.g. for the completion of or workover on wells with one or more lateral branches (whipstocks E21B 7/061; tool diverters E21B 23/002; cutting casing windows E21B 29/06; specific well pattern E21B 43/30)} • {characterised by sealing the junction between a lateral and a main bore} • {Waste disposal systems (treatment of drilling fluid outside the borehole E21B 21/06; collecting oil or the like from a submerged leakage E21B 43/0122)} • {Disposal of a fluid by injection into a subterranean formation} • • {Carbon dioxide sequestration (storing fluids in porous layers B65G 5/005)} • {Adaptation of flares, e.g. arrangements of flares in offshore installations (flares of waste gases or noxious gases F23G 7/08)} • {Nozzles used in boreholes (drilling by liquid or gas jets E21B 7/18; drill bits with nozzles E21B 10/60; perforators using direct fluid action 	43/0107 2043/0115 43/0122 43/013 43/0135 43/017	 installations (underwater well heads E21B 33/035) . {Connecting of flow lines to offshore structures (E21B 43/013 takes precedence)} . {Drilling for or production of natural gas hydrate reservoirs; Drilling through or monitoring of formations containing gas hydrates} . {Collecting oil or the like from a submerged leakage (cleaning or keeping clear the surface of open water from oil or the like E02B 15/04)} . connecting a production flow line to an underwater well head . {using a pulling cable} . Production satellite stations, i.e. underwater installations comprising a plurality of satellite well heads connected to a central station (underwater separating arrangements E21B 43/36) Subsoil filtering (E21B 43/11 takes precedence, chemical compositions for consolidating loose sand or the like around wells C09K 8/56) . {Consolidation of loose sand or the like round the wells without excessively decreasing the

Obtaining fluids from wells **E21B**

43/045	{Crossover tools}	43/129	{Adaptations of down-hole pump systems
43/08	Screens or liners {(expandable screens or liners		powered by fluid supplied from outside the
	E21B 43/108; obtaining drinking water; filters		borehole (gas-lift <u>E21B 43/122</u> ; jet pumps
40.000	<u>E03B 3/18</u>)}	42/14	E21B 43/124)}
43/082	• • • {Screens comprising porous materials, e.g.	43/14	Obtaining from a multiple-zone well
12/001	prepacked screens}	43/16	Enhanced recovery methods for obtaining
43/084	• • • {Screens comprising woven materials, e.g.		hydrocarbons (fracturing <u>E21B 43/26</u> ; obtaining slurry <u>E21B 43/29</u> ; reclamation of contaminated
12/006	mesh or cloth}		soil in situ B09C; {chemical compositions therefor
43/086	{Screens with preformed openings, e.g.		C09K 8/58})
	slotted liners (comprising porous materials E21B 43/082)}	43/162	Injecting fluid from longitudinally spaced
43/088	• • • {Wire screens (comprising porous materials	43/102	locations in injection well}
43/000	E21B 43/082; comprising woven materials	43/164	• • {Injecting CO ₂ or carbonated water (in
	E21B 43/084)}	.5, 10 .	combination with organic material <u>C09K 8/594</u>)}
43/10	• Setting of casings, screens, liners {or the like} in	43/166	• • {Injecting a gaseous medium; Injecting a gaseous
15,10	wells (driving or forcing casings into boreholes,	12, 233	medium and a liquid medium (CO ₂ injection
	simultaneously drilling and casing boreholes		<u>E21B 43/164</u> ; steam injection <u>E21B 43/24</u>)}
	E21B 7/20; setting of tools, packers or the like	43/168	{Injecting a gaseous medium}
	E21B 23/00; suspending casings in well heads	43/17	Interconnecting two or more wells by
	E21B 33/04)		fracturing or otherwise attacking the formation
43/101	• • { for underwater installations }		({ <u>E21B 43/2405</u> ,} <u>E21B 43/247</u> take precedence)
43/103	• • • {of expandable casings, screens, liners, or the	43/18	Repressuring or vacuum methods
	like}	43/20	Displacing by water
43/105	• • • {Expanding tools specially adapted therefor}	43/24	• using heat, e.g. steam injection (heating, cooling
43/106	• • • {Couplings or joints therefor}		or insulating wells <u>E21B 36/00</u> {; in combination
43/108	• • • {Expandable screens or liners}		with organic material <u>C09K 8/592</u> })
43/11	• Perforators; Permeators	43/2401	• • • {by means of electricity}
43/112	• Perforators with extendable perforating members,	43/2403	• • • {by means of nuclear energy (nuclear reactors
	e.g. actuated by fluid means		<u>G21</u>)}
43/114	Perforators using direct fluid action {on the wall	43/2405	• • • {in association with fracturing or crevice
	to be perforated}, e.g. abrasive jets		forming processes (E21B 43/247 takes
43/116	Gun or shaped charge perforators {(projectiles		precedence)}
10/11=	with shaped or hollow charge <u>F42B 12/10</u>)}	43/2406	• • • {Steam assisted gravity drainage [SAGD]}
43/117	• • • Shaped charge perforators (<u>E21B 43/118</u> takes	43/2408	• • • {SAGD in combination with other methods}
42/110	precedence)characterised by lowering in vertical position		WARNING
43/118	and subsequent tilting to operating position		Not complete pending a reorganisation.
43/1185	Ignition systems		See also E21B 43/24 and subgroups
43/11852	{hydraulically actuated}		
	{mydrauncarry actuated} {mechanically actuated, e.g. by movement}	43/241	combined with solution mining of non-
43/11033	of a wireline or a drop-bar (E21B 43/11852		hydrocarbon minerals, e.g. solvent pyrolysis of
	takes precedence)}	12/212	oil shale
43/11857		43/243	Combustion in situ
43/119	. Details, e.g. for locating perforating place or	43/247	in association with fracturing processes {or
	direction	43/248	crevice forming processes}
43/1195	{Replacement of drilling mud; decrease of	43/246	 using explosivesMethods for stimulating production (dump bailers
	· . · . · . · . · . · . · . · . · . · .	43/23	
	undesirable shock waves}		•
43/12	. Methods or apparatus for controlling the flow of		E21B 27/02; vibration generating arrangements
43/12	 Methods or apparatus for controlling the flow of the obtained fluid to or in wells (E21B 43/25 takes 		E21B 27/02; vibration generating arrangements E21B 28/00 {; by vibrating earth formations
43/12	 Methods or apparatus for controlling the flow of the obtained fluid to or in wells (E21B 43/25 takes precedence; valve arrangements E21B 34/00) 		E21B 27/02; vibration generating arrangements
43/12 43/121	 Methods or apparatus for controlling the flow of the obtained fluid to or in wells (E21B 43/25 takes precedence; valve arrangements E21B 34/00) {Lifting well fluids (survey of down-hole pump 	43/255	E21B 27/02; vibration generating arrangements E21B 28/00 {; by vibrating earth formations E21B 43/003}; chemical compositions therefor
43/121	 Methods or apparatus for controlling the flow of the obtained fluid to or in wells (E21B 43/25 takes precedence; valve arrangements E21B 34/00) {Lifting well fluids (survey of down-hole pump systems E21B 47/0007)} 	43/255	E21B 27/02; vibration generating arrangements E21B 28/00 {; by vibrating earth formations E21B 43/003}; chemical compositions therefor C09K 8/60)
43/121 43/122	 Methods or apparatus for controlling the flow of the obtained fluid to or in wells (E21B 43/25 takes precedence; valve arrangements E21B 34/00) {Lifting well fluids (survey of down-hole pump systems E21B 47/0007)} {Gas lift} 	43/255 43/26	 E21B 27/02; vibration generating arrangements E21B 28/00 {; by vibrating earth formations E21B 43/003}; chemical compositions therefor C09K 8/60) (including the injection of a gaseous medium as treatment fluid into the formation) by forming crevices or fractures {(chemical
43/121 43/122 43/123	 Methods or apparatus for controlling the flow of the obtained fluid to or in wells (E21B 43/25 takes precedence; valve arrangements E21B 34/00) {Lifting well fluids (survey of down-hole pump systems E21B 47/0007)} {Gas lift} {Gas lift valves} 	43/26	 E21B 27/02; vibration generating arrangements E21B 28/00 {; by vibrating earth formations E21B 43/003}; chemical compositions therefor C09K 8/60) (including the injection of a gaseous medium as treatment fluid into the formation) by forming crevices or fractures {(chemical compositions therefor C09K 8/62)}
43/121 43/122 43/123 43/124	 Methods or apparatus for controlling the flow of the obtained fluid to or in wells (E21B 43/25 takes precedence; valve arrangements E21B 34/00) {Lifting well fluids (survey of down-hole pump systems E21B 47/0007)} {Gas lift} {Gas lift valves} {Adaptation of jet-pump systems} 		 E21B 27/02; vibration generating arrangements E21B 28/00 {; by vibrating earth formations E21B 43/003}; chemical compositions therefor C09K 8/60) . {including the injection of a gaseous medium as treatment fluid into the formation} . by forming crevices or fractures {(chemical compositions therefor C09K 8/62)} {Separate steps of (1) cementing, plugging or
43/121 43/122 43/123 43/124 2043/125	 Methods or apparatus for controlling the flow of the obtained fluid to or in wells (E21B 43/25 takes precedence; valve arrangements E21B 34/00) {Lifting well fluids (survey of down-hole pump systems E21B 47/0007)} {Gas lift} {Gas lift valves} {Adaptation of jet-pump systems} {Adaptation of walking-beam pump systems} 	43/26	 E21B 27/02; vibration generating arrangements E21B 28/00 {; by vibrating earth formations E21B 43/003}; chemical compositions therefor C09K 8/60) . {including the injection of a gaseous medium as treatment fluid into the formation} . by forming crevices or fractures {(chemical compositions therefor C09K 8/62)} . {Separate steps of (1) cementing, plugging or consolidating and (2) fracturing or attacking the
43/121 43/122 43/123 43/124	 Methods or apparatus for controlling the flow of the obtained fluid to or in wells (E21B 43/25 takes precedence; valve arrangements E21B 34/00) {Lifting well fluids (survey of down-hole pump systems E21B 47/0007)} {Gas lift} {Gas lift valves} {Adaptation of jet-pump systems} {Adaptations of down-hole pump systems} {Adaptations of down-hole pump systems} 	43/26 43/261	 E21B 27/02; vibration generating arrangements E21B 28/00 {; by vibrating earth formations E21B 43/003}; chemical compositions therefor C09K 8/60) . {including the injection of a gaseous medium as treatment fluid into the formation} . by forming crevices or fractures {(chemical compositions therefor C09K 8/62)} . {Separate steps of (1) cementing, plugging or consolidating and (2) fracturing or attacking the formation}
43/121 43/122 43/123 43/124 2043/125	 Methods or apparatus for controlling the flow of the obtained fluid to or in wells (E21B 43/25 takes precedence; valve arrangements E21B 34/00) {Lifting well fluids (survey of down-hole pump systems E21B 47/0007)} {Gas lift} {Gas lift valves} {Adaptation of jet-pump systems} {Adaptation of walking-beam pump systems powered by drives outside the borehole, e.g. by 	43/26	 E21B 27/02; vibration generating arrangements E21B 28/00 {; by vibrating earth formations E21B 43/003}; chemical compositions therefor C09K 8/60) . {including the injection of a gaseous medium as treatment fluid into the formation} . by forming crevices or fractures {(chemical compositions therefor C09K 8/62)} . {Separate steps of (1) cementing, plugging or consolidating and (2) fracturing or attacking the formation} . using explosives {(Combustion in situ using
43/121 43/122 43/123 43/124 2043/125	 Methods or apparatus for controlling the flow of the obtained fluid to or in wells (E21B 43/25 takes precedence; valve arrangements E21B 34/00) {Lifting well fluids (survey of down-hole pump systems E21B 47/0007)} {Gas lift} {Gas lift valves} {Adaptation of jet-pump systems} {Adaptation of walking-beam pump systems powered by drives outside the borehole, e.g. by a rotary or oscillating drive (powered by fluid 	43/261 43/263	 E21B 27/02; vibration generating arrangements E21B 28/00 {; by vibrating earth formations E21B 43/003}; chemical compositions therefor C09K 8/60) (including the injection of a gaseous medium as treatment fluid into the formation} by forming crevices or fractures {(chemical compositions therefor C09K 8/62)} {Separate steps of (1) cementing, plugging or consolidating and (2) fracturing or attacking the formation} using explosives {(Combustion in situ using explosives E21B 43/248)}
43/121 43/122 43/123 43/124 2043/125 43/126	 Methods or apparatus for controlling the flow of the obtained fluid to or in wells (E21B 43/25 takes precedence; valve arrangements E21B 34/00) {Lifting well fluids (survey of down-hole pump systems E21B 47/0007)} {Gas lift} {Gas lift valves} {Adaptation of jet-pump systems} {Adaptation of walking-beam pump systems} {Adaptations of down-hole pump systems powered by drives outside the borehole, e.g. by a rotary or oscillating drive (powered by fluid E21B 43/129)} 	43/26 43/261	 E21B 27/02; vibration generating arrangements E21B 28/00 {; by vibrating earth formations E21B 43/003}; chemical compositions therefor C09K 8/60) (including the injection of a gaseous medium as treatment fluid into the formation) by forming crevices or fractures {(chemical compositions therefor C09K 8/62)} {Separate steps of (1) cementing, plugging or consolidating and (2) fracturing or attacking the formation} using explosives {(Combustion in situ using explosives E21B 43/248)} {by means of nuclear energy (peaceful
43/121 43/122 43/123 43/124 2043/125	 Methods or apparatus for controlling the flow of the obtained fluid to or in wells (E21B 43/25 takes precedence; valve arrangements E21B 34/00) {Lifting well fluids (survey of down-hole pump systems E21B 47/0007)} {Gas lift} {Gas lift} {Adaptation of jet-pump systems} {Adaptation of walking-beam pump systems} {Adaptations of down-hole pump systems powered by drives outside the borehole, e.g. by a rotary or oscillating drive (powered by fluid E21B 43/129)} {Adaptations of walking-beam pump 	43/261 43/263	 E21B 27/02; vibration generating arrangements E21B 28/00 {; by vibrating earth formations E21B 43/003}; chemical compositions therefor C09K 8/60) (including the injection of a gaseous medium as treatment fluid into the formation) by forming crevices or fractures {(chemical compositions therefor C09K 8/62)} {Separate steps of (1) cementing, plugging or consolidating and (2) fracturing or attacking the formation} using explosives {(Combustion in situ using explosives E21B 43/248)} {by means of nuclear energy (peaceful applications of nuclear explosive devices in
43/121 43/122 43/123 43/124 2043/125 43/126	 Methods or apparatus for controlling the flow of the obtained fluid to or in wells (E21B 43/25 takes precedence; valve arrangements E21B 34/00) {Lifting well fluids (survey of down-hole pump systems E21B 47/0007)} {Gas lift} {Gas lift} {Gas lift valves} {Adaptation of jet-pump systems} {Adaptation of walking-beam pump systems powered by drives outside the borehole, e.g. by a rotary or oscillating drive (powered by fluid E21B 43/129)} {Adaptations of walking-beam pump systems} 	43/261 43/263 43/2635	 E21B 27/02; vibration generating arrangements E21B 28/00 {; by vibrating earth formations E21B 43/003}; chemical compositions therefor C09K 8/60) (including the injection of a gaseous medium as treatment fluid into the formation) by forming crevices or fractures {(chemical compositions therefor C09K 8/62)} {Separate steps of (1) cementing, plugging or consolidating and (2) fracturing or attacking the formation} using explosives {(Combustion in situ using explosives E21B 43/248)} {by means of nuclear energy (peaceful applications of nuclear explosive devices in general G21J 3/00)}
43/121 43/122 43/123 43/124 2043/125 43/126	 Methods or apparatus for controlling the flow of the obtained fluid to or in wells (E21B 43/25 takes precedence; valve arrangements E21B 34/00) {Lifting well fluids (survey of down-hole pump systems E21B 47/0007)} {Gas lift} {Gas lift} {Adaptation of jet-pump systems} {Adaptation of walking-beam pump systems} {Adaptations of down-hole pump systems powered by drives outside the borehole, e.g. by a rotary or oscillating drive (powered by fluid E21B 43/129)} {Adaptations of walking-beam pump 	43/261 43/263	 E21B 27/02; vibration generating arrangements E21B 28/00 {; by vibrating earth formations E21B 43/003}; chemical compositions therefor C09K 8/60) (including the injection of a gaseous medium as treatment fluid into the formation) by forming crevices or fractures {(chemical compositions therefor C09K 8/62)} {Separate steps of (1) cementing, plugging or consolidating and (2) fracturing or attacking the formation} using explosives {(Combustion in situ using explosives E21B 43/248)} {by means of nuclear energy (peaceful applications of nuclear explosive devices in

Obtaining fluids from wells **E21B**

43/28	 Dissolving minerals other than hydrocarbons, e.g. by an alkaline or acid leaching agent (E21B 43/241 	45/00	Measuring the drilling time or rate of penetration
	takes precedence; {using steerable or laterally extendable nozzles <u>E21B 43/292</u> })	47/00	Survey of boreholes or wells (monitoring pressure or flow of drilling fluid <u>E21B 21/08</u> ; geophysical
43/281	• • {using heat (heating, cooling or insulating wells	47/0001	logging G01V) • {for underwater installations}
42/202	E21B 36/00)}	47/0001	• {Survey of boreholes or wells by visual inspection
43/283 43/285	 • {in association with a fracturing process} • Melting minerals, e.g. sulfur (E21B 43/24 takes precedence; heating, cooling or insulating arrangements for wells E21B 36/00) 		(photographing internal surfaces, e.g. of pipes G03B 37/005; closed circuit television systems H04N 7/18)}
43/29	• Obtaining a slurry of minerals, e.g. by using nozzles	47/0003	• {Determining well or borehole volumes
43/292	• • {using steerable or laterally extendable nozzles}		(determining depth <u>E21B 47/04</u> , diameter <u>E21B 47/08</u> ; measuring volumes in general <u>G01F</u>)}
43/295	• Gasification of minerals, e.g. for producing mixtures of combustible gases (E21B 43/243 takes	47/0005	• {control of cementation quality or level (measuring temperature <u>E21B 47/065</u>)}
42/20	precedence)	47/0006	• {Measuring stresses in a well bore pipe string or
43/30	 Specific pattern of wells, e.g. optimizing the spacing of wells (production satellite stations <u>E21B 43/017</u>) 		casing (for locating stuck pipe E21B 47/09)}
43/305	• • {comprising at least one inclined or horizontal	47/0007	• {Survey of down-hole pump systems}
43/32	well} • Preventing gas- or water- coning phenoma, i.e.	47/0008	• • {Survey of walking-beam pump systems, e.g. for the detection of so called "pumped-off"
	the formation of a conical column of gas or water	47/01	conditions}
	around wells	47/01	 Devices for supporting measuring instruments on a drill pipe, rod or wireline (setting or locking
43/34	 Arrangements for separating materials produced by the well (separating apparatus <u>per se</u>, <u>see</u> the relevant subclasses) 		tools in boreholes or wells <u>E21B 23/00</u>); {(flexible centering means <u>per se E21B 17/1014</u>)} Protecting measuring instruments in boreholes against heat,
43/36	• • Underwater separating arrangements (<u>E21B 43/38</u> takes precedence)		shock, pressure or the like
43/38	in the well		NOTE
43/385 43/40	 • • {by reinjecting the separated materials into an earth formation in the same well} • • Separation associated with re-injection of 		Devices for both supporting and protecting measuring instruments are only classified in
43/40	separated materials {(E21B 43/385 takes		<u>E21B 47/011</u>
	precedence)}	47/011	• • {Protecting measuring instruments (cooling or insulating arrangements for boreholes or wells
Automatic co	ntrol, surveying or testing	47/02	E21B 36/00)}
44/00	Automatic control systems specially adapted for	47/02	 Determining slope or direction (clinometers or direction meters G01C)
	drilling operations, i.e. self-operating systems	47/022	• of the borehole, {e.g. using geomagnetism}
	which function to carry out or modify a drilling	47/02208	• • {using seismic or acoustic means}
	operation without intervention of a human	47/02216	• • • {using at least one source of electromagnetic
	operator, e.g. computer-controlled drilling systems (for non-automatic drilling control, see the		energy and at least one detector therefor}
	operation controlled; automatic feeding from rack and connecting of drilling pipes <u>E21B 19/20</u> ; controlling		• • • {at least one of the sources or one of the detectors being located above ground}
	pressure or flow of drilling fluid E21B 21/08; control	47/02232	• • · {using a pendulum}
	systems in general G05); Systems specially adapted	47/024	• of devices in the borehole (<u>E21B 47/022</u> takes
	for monitoring a plurality of drilling variables or	47/026	precedence)
44/005	conditions (means for transmitting measuring-signals from the well to the surface <u>E21B 47/12</u>) • {Below-ground automatic control systems}	47/026	 of penetrated ground layers (apparatus for obtaining oriented cores <u>E21B 25/16</u>; formation testing <u>E21B 49/00</u>)
44/003	 Automatic control of the tool feed (<u>E21B 44/005</u>), 	47/04	Measuring depth or liquid level (measuring liquid)
44/04	E21B 44/10 take precedence) in response to the torque of the drive; {Measuring		level in general {and telerecorders for level of liquids} G01F; {measuring depth in general
	drilling torque (E21B 44/06 takes precedence;		<u>G01B 7/26</u> })
	measuring stresses in a well bore pipe E21B 47/0006)}	47/042	• • {Measuring or locating liquid level (<u>E21B 47/044</u> takes precedence)}
44/06	• • in response to the flow or pressure of the motive	47/044	• {using radioactive markers}
	fluid of the drive	47/06	Measuring temperature or pressure (measuring temperature in general GOLK; measuring pressure)
44/08	• • in response to the amplitude of the movement of the percussion tool, e.g. jump or recoil		temperature in general <u>G01K</u> ; measuring pressure in general <u>G01L</u> {telerecorders for pressure <u>G01L</u> ; telerecorders for temperature <u>G01K</u> })
44/10	• Arrangements for automatic stopping when the	47/065	. (Measuring temperature)
	tool is lifted from the working face {(informative reference: arrangements for automatic stopping for	47/003	Measuring the diameter (measuring diameter in
	portable percussive tools <u>B25D 9/265</u>)}	71/00	general G01B)

47/082	(using radiant manns, a.g. acquatic radioactive	49/003	• {by analysing drilling variables or conditions
47/082	 {using radiant means, e.g. acoustic, radioactive, electromagnetic} 	49/003	(E21B 49/005 takes precedence; Systems specially
47/09	Locating or determining the position of objects		adapted for monitoring a plurality of drilling
17705	in boreholes or wells, {e.g. the position of an		variables or conditions $\underline{E21B}$ $\underline{44/00}$)
	extending arm}; Identifying the free or blocked	49/005	• {Testing the nature of borehole walls or the
	portions of pipes (measuring depth <u>E21B 47/04</u> ;		formation by using drilling mud or cutting data
4=1000=	measuring diameter E21B 47/08)		(investigating chemical or physical properties of
47/0905	• • {by detecting magnetic anomalies (investigating materials by investigating magnetic variables}	49/006	materials per se <u>G01N</u>)}
	G01N 27/72)}	49/000	• {Measuring wall stresses in the borehole (investigation of mechanical properties of
47/091	• • {by detecting an acoustic anomaly, e.g. a mud-		foundation soil E02D 1/022)}
.,, 0, 1	pressure pulse}	49/008	• {by injection test; by analysing pressure variations
47/0915	• • {using impression packers, e.g. to detect recesses		in an injection or production test, e.g. for
	or perforations}		estimating the skin factor (measuring pressure
47/10	. Locating fluid leaks, intrusions or movements		E21B 47/06; obtaining fluid samples or testing
	{(using impression packers <u>E21B 47/0915;</u> flow	40/02	fluids E21B 49/08)}
	measurement in general <u>G01F</u> ; examining density and leaking in general <u>G01M</u>)	49/02	 by mechanically taking samples of the soil (apparatus for obtaining undisturbed cores
47/1005	using thermal measurements (measurement)		E21B 25/00; investigation of foundation soil in situ
47/1003	temperature E21B 47/065)}		E02D 1/00)
47/101	• · {using acoustic energy}	49/025	• • {of underwater soil, e.g. with grab devices
47/1015	• • {using tracers: using radioactivity}		(underwater coring E21B 25/18)}
47/102	• • {using electrical indications: using light	49/04	• using explosives in boreholes; using projectiles
	radiations}		penetrating the wall {(drilling by use of
47/1025	• • {Detecting leaks, e.g. of tubing, by pressure		explosives <u>E21B 7/007</u> ; gun or shaped charge perforators <u>E21B 43/116</u>)}
	testing (investigating fluid-tightness of structures	49/06	• with side-wall drilling tools {pressing} or
47/12	by using fluid or vacuum G01M 3/02)} Means for transmitting measuring-signals {or	1,7,00	scrapers
47/12	control signals} from the well to the surface {or	49/08	• Obtaining fluid samples or testing fluids, in
	from the surface to the well}, e.g. for logging while		boreholes or wells {(packers E21B 33/12; valves
	drilling (remote signalling in general <u>G08</u>)		E21B 34/00; analysing pressure variations in an
47/121	• • {using earth as an electrical conductor	40/001	injection or production test <u>E21B 49/008</u>)}
	(E21B 47/122 takes precedence; in general	49/081	• • {with down-hole means for trapping a fluid sample (E21B 49/10 takes precedence)}
47/100	H04B 13/02; electric prospecting G01V 3/00)}	49/082	• • • {Wire-line fluid samplers (E21B 49/083 takes
47/122	• • {by electromagnetic energy, e.g. radio frequency (in general <u>H04B</u> magnetic propspecting	.,,,,,	precedence)}
	G01V 3/00)}	49/083	• • • {Samplers adapted to be lowered into or
47/123	• • {using light waves (optical transmission in		retrieved from a landing nipple, e.g. for testing
	general H04B 10/00; light guides, e.g. optical	10/004	a well without removing the drill string}
	fibres <u>G02B 6/00</u>)}	49/084	• • {with means for conveying samples through pipe
47/124	• • {Storing data down-hole, e.g. in a memory or on	2049/085	to surface}. {Determining specific physical fluid parameters}
	a record carrier (recording in connection with measuring in general <u>G01D</u> ; information storage	49/086	 { Withdrawing samples at the surface }
	in general G11)}	49/087	• • {Withdrawing samples at the surface} • • {Well testing, e.g. testing for reservoir
47/14	• • using acoustic waves	.,,,,,,,,	productivity or formation parameters}
47/16	through the drill string or casing, {e.g. by	49/088	{combined with sampling}
	torsional acoustic waves}	49/10	using side-wall fluid samplers or testers
47/18	through the well fluid, {e.g. mud pressure pulse		
	telemetry }		
47/182	• • • • {by continuous mud waves with modulation		
17/105	of the waves} {by negative mud pulses using a pressure		
47/185	relieve valve between drill pipe and annulus		
47/187	• • • {by positive mud pulses using a flow		
	restricting valve within the drill pipe}		
49/00	Testing the nature of borehole walls; Formation		
77/00	testing; Methods or apparatus for obtaining		
	samples of soil or well fluids, specially adapted		
	to earth drilling or wells (sampling in general		
16 106 :	<u>G01N 1/00</u>)		
49/001	• {specially adapted for underwater installations}		